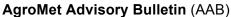


District:



Jointly released by

Regional Meteorology Centre, Chennai – India Meteorology Department, Reddiarchathram Seed Growers Association &

M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation, Kannivadi

Phone no.: 044 - 22541229 E mail: <u>amfu.kanniwadi@gmail.com</u> Fax: 044 – 22541319

Forecast Period:

30/09/2023

Bulletine No: MSSRF/ MDU / 078/ 2023 Release Date : 29/09/2023



04/10/2023

Significant past weather	From	26/09/2023	to	28/09/2023			
Parameters	Parameters			Past Weather			
Rainfall (mm)			7.8				
Maximum Temperature (°C)			35-38				
Minimum Temperature (°C)			24-25				
Sky Condition (Octas)			4-6				
Relative Humidity (%)			48-84				
Wind Speed (kmph)			4-10				

Ensemble Weather Forecast until 08:30Hrs of 04-10-2023

Madurai

Parameters	30-09-2023	01-10-2023	02-10-2023	03-10-2023	04-10-2023
	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Rainfall (mm)	2	2	3	3	6
Maximum Temperature (°C)	36	36	35	35	35
Minimum Temperature (°C)	26	26	25	25	24
Sky Condition (Octas)	6	8	7	8	7
Max. Relative Humidity (%)	70	70	70	80	70
Min. Relative Humidity (%)	40	50	50	50	40
Wind Speed (Kmph)	12	12	12	8	6
Wind Direction	sw	sw	sw	sw	sw

SMS Advisory Chances of light rain during the next five days. Maximum temperature would be in the range of 35°C to 36°C and the minimum temperature would be between 24°C - 26°C. Generally cloudy sky will appear for the next five days. Wind expected with the speed of 6-12 Kmph from, Southwest, direction.

#### **General Advisory:**

# Extended range Forecast for next week (29<sup>th</sup> Sep – 12<sup>th</sup> Oct 2023): Rainfall:

As per extended range predictions, there is possibility of near normal to slightly above normal rainfall likely over the district during 29<sup>th</sup> Sep to 12<sup>th</sup> October 2023.

### **Maximum Temperature:**

Maximum temperatures is likely to be near normal and are likely to be in the range 26°C to 32°C over the plains of the district during next week. 29<sup>th</sup> Sep to 12<sup>th</sup> October 2023.

## **Minimum Temperature:**

Minimum temperatures are likely to be near normal and are likely to be in the range 20°C to 24°C over the district during next week 29<sup>th</sup> Sep to 12<sup>th</sup> October 2023.

Light to Moderate rain with thunderstorm & lightning is likely to occur at one or two places over district on 30 September & 1<sup>st</sup> October 2023. Farmers are advised to take precautionary measures while grazing/herding the sheep, goat, cow on agriculture land for manuring purpose. Do not allow the animals to graze outside, standing near the trees or electric poles. Provide safe shelter for your livestock. To safeguard your animals from lightning and thunderstorm, remove the metal bells tied to the necks of animals.

Since cloudy sky with humid weather is prevailing, farmers are advised to use the Blue sticky trap to monitor the aphids, leaf miners and the yellow sticky trap to monitor the incidence of other sucking pests.

Wind with the speed of 6 to 12 kmphis expected for the next five days. Hence farmers are advised to provide propping in sugarcane and to provide adequate support for crops like Banana, Papaya, Guava and Moringa, to prevent from lodging. For Gourds check the structures /pandhals for damages in the strings and poles and provide adequate support. Postpone the spraying activity.

### Weather Based Agro-Advisories: (Jasmine, Paddy & Animal Husbandry).

#### Jasmine:

Due to prevailing weather condition the incense of Leaf spot disease may be expected in Jathimalli (Jasmine) flower. Black spots appear and spreads throughout the leaf, shows the burning appearances. To control, spray Difenoconazole @ 2 ½ gm per litre of water.

### Paddy:

This is the time for the application of Manures and Fertilizers in Paddy fields. Farmers are advised to apply 50 kg N, 28kg P and 25kg K per hectare as a blanket recommendation. Also apply 25 kg of N and  $12 \frac{1}{2}$  kgs of K in two equal splits at 20 - 25 days and 40 - 45 days after germination.

#### **Animal Husbandry:**

The incidence of mosquitoes in cowshed are predominant during this season. The female mosquitoes suck blood but do not always need blood to lay the first batch of eggs. In addition, their attacks can cause loss of weight and decreased milk production and occasionally death by suffocation or heavy blood loss. If mosquitoes are a serious problem to livestock in your area, control measures should be implemented. The most effective control method available is source reduction by removing or draining mosquito breeding sites. Daily fogging with neem leaves / benzoin or aero soling for adult mosquitoes may provide relief. but this is only a temporary control measure.